**FundSource®**

*Professionally managed, diversified mutual fund portfolios*

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### Is this program right for you?

FundSource is designed for investors who:

- Want a diversified portfolio of mutual funds that fits their personal investment goals
- Value the expertise offered by professional investment managers in constructing a portfolio and managing it using a disciplined investment strategy
- Appreciate a program that includes active portfolio management, ongoing analysis on mutual funds, automatic rebalancing, and quarterly performance monitoring

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**The FundSource program offers investors access to professionally managed portfolios of mutual funds. Portfolios are constructed by Wells Fargo Investment Institute from a recommended universe of more than 300 mutual funds. Mutual funds on the recommended list have been carefully selected based on an extensive evaluation of the fund’s management team, investment process and performance. The cornerstone of the portfolio construction process is asset allocation guidance. Optimal Blend portfolios are constructed to provide investors access to a broad range of investment strategies designed for various investor risk profiles. Your Financial Advisor can help you determine the most appropriate Optimal Blend portfolio strategy for your investment goals and tolerance for risk. FundSource offers more than 40 predefined Optimal Blend portfolios, or investors may customize allocations of funds using research recommended funds.**

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**A sophisticated approach to mutual fund investing**

Many investors own mutual funds as a way to pursue their investment goals. Too often though, they end up with too many or too few, ones that don’t work well together or ones that don’t make sense given their circumstances. FundSource may be an answer to those problems. With FundSource, you get access to carefully constructed blends of mutual funds based on the analysis and advice of investment professionals. It is a program designed with the types of services and features previously available primarily to institutional and ultra-high-net-worth investors.

FundSource provides a framework for establishing an investment strategy that takes into account your financial goals, tolerance for risk and your willingness to make adjustments as your life changes. Your Financial Advisor will ask questions and take you through a process to create an investment plan tailored to your needs.
Professional portfolio management

*FundSource* offers two alternative approaches to asset allocation strategy. One is based on a strategic (long-term) asset allocation and the other on a more dynamic (short- to intermediate-term) asset allocation strategy. Both investment approaches are based on time-proven investment disciplines implemented by many institutional investors to help remove emotional decisions from investing. The asset allocations for the *FundSource* program follow the Wells Fargo Investment Institute Global Portfolio Management’s recommended asset allocations, which are based on their investment outlook.

Analysis and monitoring of the mutual funds is provided by Wells Fargo Investment Institute. The guidance and research of Wells Fargo Investment Institute is used to select mutual funds to construct the *FundSource* portfolio models. *FundSource* leverages investment perspectives of world-class institutional money managers and constructs portfolios to take advantage of opportunities based on insight and extensive research.

Optimal Blends portfolios targeted to meet specific needs

Since all investments entail risk, each portfolio is designed to line up with particular risk tolerance levels and investment horizons. In keeping with its highly personalized approach, *FundSource* offers more than 30 Optimal Blends portfolios, each of which contains specific asset allocations and mutual fund mixes to meet investors’ individual objectives.

The cornerstone of the *FundSource* program is the extensive analysis process used by the portfolio managers of Wells Fargo investment Institute when selecting mutual funds for these portfolios. The group evaluates a broad range of funds in all asset classes and investment styles to identify funds that perform differently under varying market conditions. The portfolio managers then use quantitative* and qualitative† measures to select unaffiliated and what it considers to be “best of breed” funds for these classes and styles. The *FundSource* analytical process focuses both on the merits of the individual funds and on how the various funds complement one another. *FundSource* also offers a number of portfolios, described here, that address particular circumstances. These include tax-managed asset allocation portfolios for tax-sensitive investors, multi-asset income portfolios for investors seeking current income, and global opportunity portfolios for investors seeking a more dynamic asset allocation and opportunistic investment approach.

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*Quantitative analysis seeks to understand behavior by using mathematical and statistical modeling, measurement and research. By assigning a numerical value to variables, quantitative analysts try to replicate reality mathematically.

†Qualitative analysis uses subjective judgment based on nonquantifiable information such as management expertise, industry cycles, strength of research and development and labor relations.
Core American Optimal Blends – Core American Optimal Blends are a series of discretionary FundSource portfolios in which your investment is diversified across asset classes, investment styles and professional money managers in accordance with your risk parameters and investment goals. The American Funds® family of mutual funds constitutes more than 50% of the assets in the Core American Optimal Blends. The other 50% is made up of other premier fund families whose core competencies lie in different asset classes or investment styles where American Funds might not have significant exposure.

Global Opportunities (GO) Optimal Blends – FundSource Global Opportunities Optimal Blends (GO) add a dynamic alternative to the traditional strategic asset-allocation model. The GO portfolios are an evolutionary way to address the critical asset allocation and diversification decision-making process. The approach is designed to employ a more “opportunistic” approach. Opportunistic portfolio management seeks: To add value by attempting to exploit perceived short-term inefficiencies in the marketplace. In contrast to the strategic Optimal Blends models; the GO portfolio managers have a more flexible investment mandate across geographic regions, company market capitalizations and asset classes.

Alternative Strategy Optimal Blends – FundSource Alternative Strategy Optimal Blends offer investors the potential opportunity to reduce volatility and improve capital preservation through alternative investments. The goal of these strategies is to further enhance portfolio diversification, reduce overall portfolio volatility and better manage capital in periods of market distress, thereby offering the potential for enhanced risk/reward outcomes over a full market cycle. Mutual funds selected will invest in or employ the use of hedged equity positions, arbitrage, global macro strategies, currency and managed futures in order to seek to reduce volatility.

Tax Managed Optimal Blends – FundSource Tax Managed Optimal Blends are asset allocation portfolios that offer tax-sensitive investing.* The mutual funds selected for the Tax Managed blends, largely tax-advantaged investment grade bond funds and high-yield municipal bond funds, have demonstrated the ability to minimize capital gains and have historically experienced lower dividend distributions and negative cash flows. Wells Fargo Investment Institute’s portfolio managers also favor funds that have a bottom-up approach (stocks evaluated and held based on their own merit) to investing rather than a top-down approach (stocks evaluated first by the overall economic picture and then by sectors or industries) which could result in greater turnover. Since tax efficiency is not typically a concern in tax-deferred accounts, the Tax Managed Optimal Blends are not recommended for IRA or ERISA accounts.

Multi-Strategy Income Optimal Blends – The Multi-Strategy Income portfolios are part of a series of models designed to meet the needs of investors seeking meaningful current income combined with the potential for growth of income and capital over time. The blends invest across a diversified global universe of income-oriented mutual funds that incorporate both traditional and non-traditional sources of income, such as energy master limited partnerships (MLPs), bank loans, real estate investment trusts (REITs), and infrastructure- and dividend-focused global equity investments. Additionally, the two blends employ a dynamic, multi-strategy approach that leverages flexible allocation funds in an effort to accentuate yield and manage risk.

*Wells Fargo Advisors is not a legal or tax advisor.
FundSource asset allocation models

Moving left to right, this chart shows FundSource allocation recommendations with increasing levels of portfolio risk and correspondingly higher levels of potential return. Since investors with similar investment objectives may have different risk tolerances, our asset allocation models provide allocation recommendations for investors with degrees of risk tolerance.
A greater level of customization

Within our FundSource program, you and your Financial Advisor have the ability to work together to create a Customized Blend of mutual funds that can be tailored to a specific client investment policy. In a Customized Blend, mutual funds are selected from the Wells Fargo Investment Institutes Recommended Fund List of more than 300 institutional- or advisory-share class mutual funds. While you and your Financial Advisor have full control over the asset allocation, Wells Fargo Investment Institute may remove and replace funds that fail to meet its due diligence standards.

The consulting process

FundSource offers a highly personalized approach, tailoring an investment plan to your unique needs. The program utilizes a four-step process to help investors pursue their goals:

1. **Identify investment objectives.** Your Financial Advisor will first help you identify your goals as they relate to your investment plan and timeframe. This information will determine what kind of mutual fund portfolio you need to develop.

2. **Establish risk tolerance.** The next step involves understanding your risk tolerance. Virtually every investment involves some degree of risk. In general, investors who have been willing to tolerate wider swings in the value of their investments have enjoyed higher long-term returns — so investors seeking higher returns should be comfortable with a higher level of risk.

3. **Set investment strategy.** Once you have agreed on your goals and risk tolerance, your Financial Advisor will help you establish an investment strategy based on asset allocation. Asset allocation — the principle of diversifying your investments across stocks, bonds, cash and their subclasses — helps match the appropriate FundSource portfolio with your investment needs.

4. **Monitor portfolio.** Each quarter, FundSource provides you with a comprehensive progress review that’s concise and easy to understand. Funds are continually evaluated to assure style consistency and discover opportunities. The program includes automatic rebalancing to maintain the portfolio’s initial target allocation and diversification strategy.
Benefits of a managed portfolio

By appointing experienced investment professionals to manage your portfolio and rebalance your investment mix when necessary, you free yourself from the time-consuming task of choosing and actively monitoring investments. Since decisions regarding your overall asset allocation are made by Wells Fargo Investment Institute and its portfolio managers you benefit from the experience, diversification and in-depth analysis applied to all FundSource Optimal Blends. The program also features automatic rebalancing and quarterly reports with results compared to select benchmarks.

With FundSource, there are no sales charges, transaction fees or commissions. A single quarterly fee covers all advisory services and costs of the program.

FundSource summary

- Professionally managed portfolios of mutual funds from top institutional mutual fund families
- FundSource program provides a disciplined framework for implementing an investment strategy based on your goals and risk tolerance
- Professional portfolio management includes asset allocation decisions, mutual fund selection and ongoing portfolio monitoring
- Choice of preselected Optimal Blends portfolios or Customized Blend portfolios targeted to specific investment objectives
- Long-term asset allocation strategy that can help avoid pitfalls of reacting to near-term events

All investing involve risks, including the possible loss of principal. There can be no assurance that any investment strategy will be successful or that a fund will meet its investment objective. Investments fluctuate with changes in market and economic conditions and in different environments due to numerous factors some of which may be unpredictable. An investment in a mutual fund will fluctuate and shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Each asset class has its own risk and return characteristics. Some of the risks associated with an investment in the program include:

Equity securities are subject to market risk which means their value may fluctuate in response to general economic and market conditions, the prospects of individual companies, and industry sectors. There is no guarantee that dividend-paying stocks will return more than the overall stock market. Dividends are not guaranteed and are subject to change or elimination.

Investments in fixed-income securities are subject to market, interest rate, credit and other risks. Bond prices fluctuate inversely to changes in interest rates. Therefore, a general rise in interest rates can result in the decline in the bond’s price. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will default on payments of interest and/or principal. This risk is heightened in lower rated bonds. If sold prior to maturity, fixed income securities are subject to market risk. All fixed income investments may be worth less than their original cost upon redemption or maturity.

Bank loans are subject to interest rate and credit risk. They are generally below investment grade and are subject to defaults and downgrades. These loans have the potential to hedge exposure to interest-rate risk but they also carry significant credit and call-risk. Call risk is the risk that the issuer will redeem the issue prior to maturity. This results in reinvestment risk which means the proceeds will generally be reinvested in a less favorable environment. Bank loans are difficult to value, have long settlement times and are relatively illiquid. As a result, the Fund could face liquidity challenges.
The commodities markets are considered speculative, carry substantial risks, and have experienced periods of extreme volatility. Commodities may be affected by changes in overall market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates or other factors affecting a particular industry or commodity.

Investing in foreign securities presents certain risks not associated with domestic investments, such as currency fluctuation, political and economic instability, and different accounting standards. This may result in greater share price volatility. These risks are heightened in emerging markets.

Mutual funds that invest using alternative strategies are more complex investment vehicles which generally have higher costs and substantial risks. They tend to be more volatile than other types of mutual funds and present an increased risk of investment loss. Relative to broad, long-only traditional asset class mutual funds, alternative mutual funds may employ more complex strategies, investments, and portfolio structures. In doing so, some of these strategies may expose investors to additional risks, including but not limited to the following: short selling, leverage risk, counterparty risk, liquidity risk, commodity price volatility risk, and/or managed futures roll yield risk.

Investments in infrastructure companies expose an investment to potentially adverse economic, regulatory, political and other changes affecting such companies. Infrastructure companies may also be subject to various other risks, including, governmental regulations, high interest costs associated with capital construction programs, costs associated with compliance and changes in environmental regulation, economic slowdown and surplus capacity, competition from other providers of services and other factors.

An investment that is concentrated in energy related MLPs is subject to the risks of investing in MLPs and the energy sector. MLPs are subject to numerous significant risks such as volatility associated with the use of leverage; volatility of the commodities markets; market risks; supply and demand; natural and man-made catastrophes; competition; liquidity; market price discount from NAV and other material risks. A downturn in the energy sector of the economy, adverse political, legislative or regulatory developments or other events could have a larger impact on a portfolio that concentrates in the energy sector.

There are special risks associated with an investment in real estate, including credit risk, the possible illiquidity of the underlying properties, interest rate fluctuations and the impact of varied economic conditions.

The prices of small- and mid-company stocks are generally more volatile than large company stocks. They often involve higher risks because smaller companies may lack the management expertise, financial resources, product diversification and competitive strengths to endure adverse economic conditions.

The fees for the FundSource program include advisory services, performance measurement, transaction costs, custody services and trading. The fees do not cover the fees and expense of the underlying funds and customary brokerage charges may apply to non-program assets. The standard fee schedule, which is negotiable, is based on account size and an assumed active equity portfolio. There is a minimum quarterly client fee requirement of $75 to maintain this type of account. Please carefully review the Wells Fargo Advisors advisory disclosure document for a full description of our services, including fees and expenses.

Advisory accounts are not designed for excessively traded or inactive accounts and may not be suitable for all investors. The minimum account size for this program is $25,000.

**Investment and Insurance Products:**  ► NOT FDIC Insured  ► NO Bank Guarantee  ► MAY Lose Value

Global Portfolio Management is a division of Wells Fargo Investment Institute, Inc. Wells Fargo Investment Institute is a registered investment adviser and wholly-owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company and provides investment advice to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., Wells Fargo Advisors and other Wells Fargo affiliates. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. is a bank affiliate of Wells Fargo & Company.

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